

Workshop Aufgabe 1:

Führen Sie ein Mapping des folgenden Textes durch.

<https://www.npr.org/2015/03/03/382662772/ever-cheat-at-monopoly-so-did-its-creator-he-stole-the-idea-from-a-woman>

Mögliche Lösung:

Main Ideas + Supporting Details	A	B	Time
Introduction: A woman, Lizzie Magie, invented a game called the Landlord's Game, It can be regarded as the first version of the game, then intended against the concentration of wealth.			01:07 – 01:27
1. LM was a feminist with a career of her own. (acting, performing, writing).			01:28 – 01:38
2. Her patent on the game was a rarity (1% of patents in the US then came from women)			01:30 – 01:53
3. When the game was passed around in the Quaker community of Atlantic City, 4. Charles Darrow sold the game as his invention to Parker Bros. ("Down-on-his-luck story")			01:53 – 02:20
5. Prof. Ralph Anspach designed a more pleasing version of the Monopoly game, i.e. pleasing esp. in difficult times (oil cartels, Watergate).			02:27 – 03:12
6. A legal battle with Parker Bros. around trademark/copyrights/confusion arose, RA found out about its history. 7. He became obsessed with the story.			03:13 – 03:50
8. Later, he had a hard time (divorce, ill wife).			03:53 – 04:04
9. At the time, the outcome was open. He turned down a settlement in the case.			04:04 – 04:21 04:21 – 04:31
10. It was and, in a way, still is a crusade for the family (sons).			04:35 – 04:49
11. Mary Pilon became obsessed with the story, too, while reporting it (nightmares, several examples of distraction).			04:55 - 05:19
12. To her, the story is important because for a journalist, it is important to get even small stories right.			05:25 – 05:36 (05:52)
13. Monopoly has been popular all those years because of the nostalgia and the memories connected with it (for all generations)			06:24 – 06:41

Hörverstehen

- Dargestellt sind mögliche Notizen beim Mapping
- A und B tragen ihre Notizen im Abgleich vor
- Alle Passagen, die Konsens erzielen, werden als Items festgehalten.
- Die genauen Zeitangaben sind nicht wichtig, sie dienen der groben Orientierung im Dokument.
- Es ergibt sich außerdem ein Überblick über die ungefähre Anzahl von Items.
- Gelbe Markierungen: Items in den Beispielaufgaben (202_06)